JULY 17. 1740. NUMB. 605.

The Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PROCEEDINGS in the late Sitting of *Aſſembly*, on the Affair of Raiſing Money, Men, *&c.* for the Expedition now on foot againſt the *Spaniſh Weſt-Indies.*

Publiſhed by Order of His Honour the GOVERNOR.

The Governor's SPEECH.

Mr. SPEAKER, *and Gentlemen of the Aſſembly,*

I HAVE called you together by His Majeſty's Command, under His Royal Sign Manual, to lay before you ſuch Parts of His Majeſty's Inſtructions, as particularly concern you, as the Aſſembly of this Province; and it is to be hoped, you will pay the Regard to them, which becomes dutiful Subjects to His Majeſty, who hath entered into a War, not to gratify any ambitious Views or Deſigns, but at the Deſire of His Parliament, to vindicate the Honour of His Imperial Crown, to revenge the Injuries done to His Subjects by an inſolent and barbarous Nation, and to aſſert their undoubted Rights of Commerce and Navigation. And that Parliament have not only given His Majeſty the ſtrongeſt Aſſurances, "That they will ſuſtain with Satisfaction and "Chearfulneſs, any extraordinary Expences and Inconveniencies, that muſt "inevitably attend the various and extenſive Services, which His Majeſty "ſhall find neceſſary, for procuring Juſtice to an injured and provoked Na-"tion," but have actually laid a Tax over and above the many former Taxes, of *Four Shillings* in the Pound, upon all the landed Eſtates in *Great Britain*, ; which (however grievous it may poſſibly appear to you, who live free from Taxes) is paid with Chearfulneſs by His Majeſty's Subjects there, as it is neceſſary to forward and give Spirit to His Majeſty's Preparations,

His Majeſty expects no more of you, tho' your Intereſts are as much at ſtake as any of His Britiſh Subjects, "Than a Proviſion of Victuals, "Tranſports, and all other Neceſſaries for the Troops to be raiſed in this "Province, till their Arrival at the general Rendezvous in the *Weſt-Indies*; "His Majeſty having promiſed to furniſh them with Cloaths, Tents, "Arms, Ammunition and Pay, from the Day of their Inliſting." And as this may be complied with, without raiſing *One Shilling* on the People, ſince you have *Five* or *Six Thouſand Pounds* Intereſt Money, and near *Four Thouſand Pounds per Annum* ariſing from the laſt Paper-Money Act (the Money raiſed by the Exciſe Law, being ſufficient for defraying the annual Charges of the Government), I hope you will not, for your own Sakes, even heſitate upon it, but immediately grant what ſhall be neceſſary, that the Expedition may not be retarded for want thereof; eſpecially when it ſhall be conſidered, that the Principal, from whence theſe Intereſt-Sums have been acquired, was not raiſed upon the People, or out of their Eſtates, but is purely owing to the Grace and Favour of his Majeſty, in not diſapproving the ſeveral Acts by which it was raiſed.

And that you may not entertain any Jealouſy of a Miſapplication of the Sums neceſſary for the Services mention'd, and from thence be unwilling to grant them, it will be moſt agreeable to me, that Commiſſioners be appointed, to aſſiſt in the Application of them, as well as to make a regular State of the Accounts to be laid before this or the next Aſſembly: His Majeſty's Aſſurance of His graciouſly accepting my Zeal and Diligence, and the Satisfaction ariſing from a Conſciouſneſs of having ſerved my Country in an Affair of ſuch Importance, being to an honeſt Mind ſuperior to any diſhoneſt Gain.

As I cannot allow myſelf to doubt of your ſpeedy Compliance with His Majeſty's Expectation, it will be neceſſary, that you next prepare a Bill for taking up what Tranſports ſhall be wanted for the Number of Men raiſed here, as well as a Bill for Quartering them in a Manner the moſt convenient and leaſt burthenſome to the Inhabitants, until the Time of their Imbarkation.

The Governments of *Virginia*, *Maryland*, *Boſton* and *Rhode-Iſland*, having, even before theſe His Majeſty's Expectations were ſignified to them, given a Bounty to every Man, that ſhould inliſt as a Soldier in this Expedition; ſeveral Companies have been ſucceſsfully raiſed in thoſe Places, and are now ready for Imbarkation. Had your Zeal been as ſeaſonably exerted, I doubt not but a Number of Freemen might have been found here, equally willing, and might have been made uſeful for reſtraining Servants from running into other Governments to inliſt there: But as we are now circumſtanced, it will not be poſſible to keep them; neither is it now probable, that a Number of Men ſhould be raiſed in Time, to anſwer His Majeſty's Expectations from a Province ſo populous, without receiving them; unleſs a ſufficient Bounty be immediately given for the Encouragement of Freemen, over and above what His Majeſty expects.

Philadelphia, July 2. 1740.

By Command,

THOMAS LAWRIE, *Secretary.*

In the Houſe of Repreſentatives, the 3*d of the* 5*th Mon.* 1740.

Ordered,

That *Robert Jones* and *John Wright* wait upon the Governor, and acquaint him, That in the only Caſe the Houſe remembers, wherein a Matter of like Nature was required of them by the Crown, the original Letter was communicated to the Houſe; and that the Houſe requeſts a Sight of the original Letters or Inſtructions referr'd to in the Governor's Speech.

A true Copy,

B. FRANKLIN, *Clerk of Aſſembly.*

A verbal MESSAGE by the Secretary.

'I am commanded by the Governor to acquaint the Houſe, That if they 'inſiſt upon Seeing the King's Inſtructions as of Right, becauſe ſome have 'been formerly communicated to them, he can by no means agree to it, 'His Majeſty having commanded him only to communicate ſo much as re-'lates to the Aſſembly: But as the Governor is willing to give them all rea-'ſonable Satisfaction, and as he thinks there is not any thing in His Ma-'jeſty's Inſtructions but what may be communicated with Safety to him-'ſelf, he has ordered me to attend the Houſe with them during the time of 'their being read, and then to bring them back to him.

To the Honourable GEORGE THOMAS, *Eſq; Lieut. Governor of the Province of* Pennſylvania, *and Counties of* New-Caſtle, Kent *and* Suſſex *on* Delaware;

The humble ADDRESS of the Repreſentatives of the Freemen of the ſaid Province, in General Aſſembly met.

May it pleaſe the Governor,

WE remember with great Gratitude the many Favours we enjoy under the Crown and Government of our Mother Country; and therefore it gives us great Concern that we cannot chearfully accede to the Meaſures recommended from thence.

We have ever eſteemed it our Duty to pay Tribute to Cæſar, *and yield Obedience to the Powers God hath ſet over us, ſo far as our conſcientious Perſuaſions will permit; but we cannot preſerve good Conſciences, and come into the Levying of Money and Appropriating it to the Uſes recommended to us in the Governor's Speech, becauſe it is repugnant to the religious Principles profeſſed by the greater Number of the preſent Aſſembly, who are of the People called* Quakers.

By Order of the Houſe,

Philad. the 7th of the 5th Mon. 1740. J. KINSEY, *Speaker.*

His Honour the GOVERNOR to the Gentlemen of the Aſſembly.

GENTLEMEN,

IN your Addreſs of the 7th Inſtant, you are pleaſed to ſay, "That you "cannot preſerve good Conſciences, and come into the Levying of Mo-"ney and Appropriating it to the Uſes recommended to you in my Speech".

I am

I am not ſenſible, that I have in the leaſt deviated, in that Speech, from His Majeſty's *Eighth* * Inſtruction; but if you think otherwiſe, I recommend to you the Levying of Money, and appropriating it agreeable to that Inſtruction, which ought indeed, and I hope will have a greater Weight with you, than any thing I have ſaid or can ſay. A Copy of it has been already laid before you, and you had likewiſe the Liberty of Comparing it with the Original under His Majeſty's Royal Sign Manual.

Philad. July 8. 1740. *GEORGE THOMAS.*

By Command,

THOMAS LAWRIE, *Secretary.*

His Honour the GOVERNOR to the Gentlemen of the Aſſembly.

GENTLEMEN,

IT is now a Week ſince I recommended to you a Compliance with His Majeſty's *Eighth* Inſtruction, and yet nothing has been done. A conſiderable Number of Men have already inliſted in His Majeſty's Service, and there appears ſuch an Alacrity in the People, as gives me Reaſon to hope, that I ſhall compleat the Levies in a reaſonable Time, unleſs you diſcourage them by delaying the neceſſary Supplies. As the new Levies are in Want of every Thing, even Houſes to cover their Heads, I am hourly apprehenſive they may commit ſome Diſorders; therefore I do again earneſtly preſs you, to make a ſpeedy Proviſion for them, anſwerable to the King's juſt Expectations.

Philad. July 9. 1740. *GEORGE THOMAS.*

By His Honour's Command,

THOMAS LAWRIE, *Secretary.*

Ordered,

That *John Wright* and *James Gibbins* wait upon the Governor, and acquaint him, That the Houſe have made conſiderable Progreſs in a Bill for Raiſing of Money for the Uſe of the Crown: But it being Harveſt Time, it would be injurious to the Country Members to ſtay the Completion of it. That there is a Rumour about the Town, of the Probability of Peace between *Great Britain* and *Spain*, which, if it prove true, may occaſion ſome Alteration in the Bill. That the SPEAKER informs the Houſe, he is under the Neceſſity of going to *Lewes-Town* next Week, in an Affair which concerns the Province: And as they do not think it can be of any great Detriment to the publick Affairs, to adjourn until the *Eighteenth* Day of the next Month; therefore the Houſe encline to adjourn to that Time.

The 11th of the 5th Month, 1740.

True Copy from the Minutes,

B. FRANKLIN, *Clerk of Aſſembly.*

A verbal MESSAGE by the Secretary

'I am commanded by the Governor to acquaint the Houſe, That he is 'very much pleaſed to hear, that they have made ſo conſiderable a Progreſs 'in a Bill for raiſing Money for the Uſe of the Crown; but he thinks no 'private Buſineſs ought to interfere with a Bill ſo neceſſary, and ſo much 'for the Honour of the Province.

'The Governor would be greatly rejoiced to hear, with any certainty, of 'a Peace concluded between *Great Britain* and *Spain*; but he is ſurprized 'a bare Report of this Kind, in Contradiction to His Majeſty's own Let-'ters, ſhould have any Weight in the Conſultations of a Publick Body, or 'be made uſe of to delay what is ſo preſſingly recommended by His 'Majeſty.

'The Governor is acquainted with the Speaker's Obligations to go to '*Lewes-Town*, but hoped this Bill might be finiſhed with Eaſe, before he 'ſet out.

'The Governor ſays, The new Levies are in Want of all Neceſſaries; 'but that if the Houſe is reſolv'd to adjourn, as they have a Privilege to 'do, he hopes, that in Duty to His Majeſty, they will meet again in '*Twelve* or *Fourteen* Days, otherwiſe he is apprehenſive that he ſhall be 'under a Neceſſity of calling them again.

Philad. July 11. 1740.

* *See the Inſtructions in the Poſtſcript to the Gazette, Numb.* 603.

Abſtract from the VOTES of Parliament, April 25. 1740.

A Petition of *Francis Wilks* and *Chriſtopher Kilby*, Eſqrs. Agents for the Province of the *Maſſachuſets-Bay*, in *New-England*, for and in Behalf of the ſaid Province, was preſented to the Houſe, and read; ſetting forth, That in the Year 1730, when *Jonathan Belcher*, Eſq; the preſent Governor of the ſaid Province, firſt came to his Government, each Year, to 1741, was charged with a Debt in Bills of Credit, that had been before that Time iſſued to anſwer the Exigencies of Government, of between Sixteen and Seventeen Thouſand Pounds, *communibus annis*, occaſioned by a long and diſtreſſing War with the Indians; and that all the Bills emitted ſince that Time, to defray the growing Charge of the Province, have been laid on the Years preceeding 1742, by means whereof the laſt Year 1739, and the preſent Year 1740, and ſucceeding Year 1741, are each charged with the heavy Burden of Sixty-eight Thouſand Pounds, one Year with another, beſides about Forty-five Thouſand Pounds, Principal and Intereſt, which is to be ſpeedily drawn in for cloſing the ſeveral Province Loans: And further repreſenting to the Houſe, That by Reaſon of the heavy Charges of the Province and the Scarcity of Money, the People there have met with great Difficulty in the Payment of their Taxes, and in carrying on their Trade and Buſineſs; there being no other Medium of Commerce among them, but their Paper-Currency; the ſmall Quantities of Silver and Gold, which are from Time to Time imported, being applied for the Payment of the Manufactures of *Great-Britain*, which are expended in great Quantities in this Province; and that the Paper-Currency in all the Britiſh Plantations, being now under the Conſideration of this Houſe; and the Petitioners being intruſted by the ſaid Province, to take Care of their Intereſt in all Matters that may ariſe here, by which the Intereſt of the ſaid Province may be any ways affected, conceive it their indiſpenſable Duty, to repreſent to the Houſe the preſent diſtreſſed Condition of the ſaid Province, for Want of a new Emiſſion of Paper-Currency, which they do not deſire, but upon providing ſufficient Funds to ſecure the ſinking and calling in the ſame; and which ſhould they be prevented from doing, the Province muſt neceſſarily be thrown into the utmoſt Diſorder and Confuſion; the Government be without any Support; the Forts and Garriſons remain in a defenceleſs Condition, and wholly unprovided with War-like Stores; and the Province be unable to equip ſuitable Veſſels of War to guard their Coaſts; and their Trade and Commerce be ruined and undone. And therefore, as the Reſolutions to be taken by this Houſe, upon this Affair, may greatly affect the Intereſt of the ſaid Province of the *Maſſachuſets-Bay*, praying, That the Petitioners may be heard in Relation to the State of the Paper-Currency in *New-England*, before this Houſe comes to any Reſolution thereon.

Ordered, That the ſaid Petition do lie on the Table, until the Report from the Committee of the whole Houſe to whom it was referred to conſider of the Papers preſented to this Houſe upon the Twenty-eighth Day of *March* laſt, from the Commiſſioners for Trade and Plantations, (concerning the Paper-Currency, and the Rates of Gold and Silver in *America*, from the Year 1700, to this preſent Year) and then Ordered to lie upon the Table, and to whom the ſeveral other Papers (concerning the ſaid Paper-Currency, and the ſaid Rates of Gold and Silver Coin) preſented to this Houſe upon the 15th Day of this Inſtant *April*, from the Commiſſioners for Trade and Plantations, and then Ordered to lie upon the Table, were referred, be received; and that the Petitioners be then heard by themſelves upon their ſaid Petition, if they think fit.

Mr. *Francis Fane* (according to Order) reported from the ſaid Committee, the Reſolutions which they had directed him to report to the Houſe; which he read in his Place, and afterwards delivered in at the Table.

Then *Chriſtopher Kilby*, Eſq; one of the ſaid Petitioners, was called in: And the Reſolutions of the ſaid Committee were read, and are as followeth, *viz.*

Reſolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, that the Act made the Sixth Year of the Reign of Her late Majeſty Queen ANNE, entituled, *An Act for aſcertaining the Rates of foreign Coin in Her Majeſty's Plantations in* America, hath not been duly obſerved, as it ought to have been; by Means whereof, many indirect Practices have grown up, and various and illegal Currencies have been introduced in ſeveral of the ſaid Colonies and Plantations, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act, to the Prejudice of the Trade of His Majeſty's Subjects.

Reſolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, That the Creating and Iſſuing Paper-Bills of Credit, in the Britiſh Colonies, and Plantations in *America*, by Virtue of Acts of Aſſembly there, and making it obligatory on all Perſons to take ſuch Bills of Credit, in Payment for all Debts, Dues and Demands, hath fruſtrated the good Intention of an Act of the Sixth Year of Her late Majeſty Queen ANNE, entitled, *An Act for aſcertaining the Rates of foreign Coins in Her Majeſty's Plantations in* America, and hath been a great Diſcouragement to the Commerce of this Kingdom, by occaſioning a Confuſion in Dealings, and leſſening of Credit in thoſe Parts.

Which Reſolutions being read in the Houſe, the firſt and Second Time, were agreed unto.

And *Reſolved, Nemine Contradicente*,

That an humble Addreſs be preſented to His Majeſty, that he will be graciouſly pleaſed to require and command the reſpective Governours of his Colonies and Plantations in America, effectually to obſerve His Majeſty's Royal Inſtructions, directing them, That the Act of the ſixth Year of the Reign of Her late Majeſty Queen ANNE, entituled, *An Act for aſcertaining the Rates of Foreign Coins in Her Majeſty's Plantations in* America; be punctually and *Bona fide* obſerved and put in Execution, according to the true Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act.

Reſolved, N. C. D.

That an humble Addreſs be preſented to His Majeſty, that He will be graciouſly pleaſed to iſſue His Royal Proclamation, to ſettle and aſcertain the Rates and Proportion at which all foreign Gold Coins ſhall be accounted, received, taken or paid, in any of His Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in *America*.

Reſolved, N. C. That the Creating and Iſſuing Paper Bills of Credit in the Britiſh Colonies and Plantations in *America*, by Virtue of Acts of Aſſembly there, and making it obligatory on all Perſons to take ſuch Bills of Credit in Payment for Debts, Dues and Demands, hath fruſtrated the good Intentions of an Act of the Sixth Year of the Reign of Her late Majeſty Queen *ANNE*, entitled, *An Act for aſcertaining the Rates of Foreign Coins in Her Majeſty's Plantations in* America, and hath been a great Diſcouragement to the Commerce of this Kingdom, by occaſioning a Confuſion in Dealings, and Leſſening of Credit in thoſe Parts.

Reſolved, N. C. That an humble Addreſs be preſented to His Majeſty, to return His Majeſty Thanks for the Orders he hath already given; and humbly to deſire Him, That He will be graciouſly pleaſed to require and command

mand the reſpective Governours of His Colonies and Plantations in *America*, punctually and effectually to obſerve His Majeſty's Royal Inſtructions, not to give Aſſent to or Paſs any Act, whereby Bills of Credit may be iſſued in Lieu of Money, without a Clauſe be inſerted in ſuch Act, declaring, That the ſame ſhall not take Effect, until the ſaid Act ſhall be approved by His Majeſty.

Reſolved, N. C. That an humble Addreſs be preſented to His Majeſty, that he will be graciouſly pleaſed to give Directions to the Commiſſioners for Trade and Plantations, to prepare, in order to be laid before this Houſe the next Seſſion of Parliament, an Account of the Tenor and Amount of the Bills of Credit which have been created and iſſued in the ſeveral Britiſh Colonies in *America*, as well thoſe under Proprietors and Charters, as under His Majeſty's immediate Commiſſion and Government, that ſhall then be outſtanding; diſtinguiſhing the Amount of the ſame in each Colony or Plantation, and the reſpective Times when ſuch Bills ſo outſtanding were iſſued; with the Amount of the ſaid Bills in Money of *Great Britain*, both at the Time ſuch Bills were iſſued, and at the Time of preparing the ſaid Account; together with their Opinion what will be the moſt eaſy and effectual Manner of Sinking and Diſcharging all ſuch Bills of Credit, with the leaſt Prejudice to the Inhabitants of the ſaid Colonies and Plantations, and Interruption of the Commerce of this Kingdom.

Reſolved, That an humble Addreſs be preſented to His Majeſty, That he will be graciouſly pleaſed to give Directions that there be prepar'd, to be laid before this Houſe, the next Seſſion of Parliament, Copies of ſuch Charters of His Majeſty's Colonies in *America*, granted by His Majeſty or His Royal Predeceſſors, as are now ſubſiſting and are in Force.

London, April 29. This Day his Majeſty went to the Houſe of Peers, and after giving the Royal Aſſent to ſeveral publick and private Bills, put an end to the Seſſions by a moſt gracious SPEECH to both Houſes of Parliament, to the following Effect.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

THE Zeal you have ſhewn for the Support and Proſecution of the juſt & neceſſary War, in which I am engaged, is a freſh Proof of your Concern for the Honour and Intereſt of my Crown and Kingdoms. As this great and national Undertaking is the principal Object of our Attention and Expectations, ſo the Juſtice of Our Cauſe, and the Succeſs which hath hitherto attended my Arms, give Us the moſt reaſonable Hopes, that, by the Continuance of the Divine Aſſiſtance, We may ſee a happy Iſſue of it.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Commons,

I thank you for the effectual Supplies which you have granted Me, for the Service of the current Year. The beſt Return I can make, is to aſſure you, that they ſhall be duly employed to the Purpoſes for which they were given.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I have formerly recommended to you Union amongſt yourſelves, as being highly conducive to the carrying on this great Work with Honour and Advantage, and to the more ſpeedy obtaining of all poſſible Juſtice and Satisfaction from the Crown of *Spain*, for the many grievous Injuries ſuffered by My Subjects; and effectual Security of the Freedom of Our, Commerce and Navigation for the future. I do now earneſtly exhort you to promote and extend that Union in your reſpective Countries. Let the Support of the common Cauſe of the Nation prevail, to attain this deſirable End. Our Enemies muſt already have been made ſenſible, in ſome Degree, of the Weight of our juſt Reſentment. They ſee My Kingdoms in ſuch a Poſture of Defence, as muſt render all Attempts from them, without Encouragement from amongſt Ourſelves, vain and deſperate. They ſee the Trade and Navigation of my Subjects protected, as far as the Nature and Circumſtances of a Maritime War will poſſibly admit; and, at the ſame Time, the moſt valuable Branches of the *Spaniſh* Commerce greatly interrupted, and ſubjected to many Difficulties and Loſſes. From theſe happy Effects of my early Endeavours, and your ready Concurrence, at the firſt Entrance into the War, I cannot but hope, that the Preparations, which I am now making for carrying it on, in the moſt proper Places, and in the moſt vigorous and effectual Manner, will be bleſſed with Succeſs equal to our juſt Expectations.

Then the Lord Chancellor, by His Majeſty's Command, ſaid

My Lords and Gentlemen,

IT is His Majeſty's Royal Will and Pleaſure, That this Parliament be prorogued to *Tueſday* the Third Day of *June* next, to be then here held; and this Parliament is accordingly prorogued to *Tueſday* the Third Day of *June* next.

AMERICA.

Newport, July 4. We have Advice, from Jamaica that one Ford, a Molatto Man, Commander of a Pettiauger belonging to Jamaica, with 17 Hands and four Swivel Guns, went on ſome Part of the South Side of Cuba, and was out but about 14 days, and then brought in a Spaniſh Sloop into St. Anne's, which had on board 350 half Barrels of Powder, and 300 Small Arms, and 3000 Pieces of Eight.

New-York, July 14. On Wedneſday laſt arrrived here the Brigantine Violetta, Capt. Richards in 24 Days from Jamaica, who brings Advice that Admiral Vernon was ſailed 4 Days before him with all the Men of War; it was ſuppos'd he was gone to look for the Spaniſh Fleet, having taken with him none of his Bomb Ketches nor Fireſhips.

That Capt. Woolford in a Privateer (late Capt. Cunningham's) had taken a large Spaniſh Regiſter Ship, Burthen 250 Tons and upwards. The Ship and Cargo were valued at 30,000 l. Sterl. This is the Ship Capt. Woolford was ſeen to chaſe by ſome late Veſſels from Jamaica.

Laſt Wedneſday Capt. Bryant arrived here, in 7 Weeks from England, by whom we have Letters giving an Account, That the KING is gone to Hanover; that the Duke of Argyle is gone down to Scotland; That My Lord Cathcart has kiſs'd the King's Hand, and taken his Leave of His Majeſty, as alſo of his Friends in the City of London, and gone down to the Iſle of Wight, to ſee the Forces that are there, imbarked for the General Rendezvous in the Weſt-Indies: That His Lordſhip and ſaid Forces intend to ſail about the Middle of July. That there are 12 Ships of between 2 and 3 Hundred Tons each, hired to carry ſaid Forces to America; and 11 of them have got Water and Proviſions on board for the Voyage.

We have certain Intelligence, that the Voluntiers that are raiſing, and to be raiſed in the Maſſachuſets-Bay, Connecticut, Rhode-Iſland and New-York, are to meet and rendezvous at New-York: That the Forces to be raiſed in Virginia, Maryland, Pennſylvania and New-Jerſey, are to rendezvous in Virginia. And the Forces that will be rendezvouſed at New-York, will be embarked and convoyed by the Man of War, to meet the aboveſaid Forces at the Capes of Virginia, and proceed immediately to the Place of General Rendezvous in the Weſt-Indies; and from thence to the Place or Places deſign'd to be attack'd.

Several Captains with their Companies of Voluntiers, are now come to this City, and have begun to ſet up Tents in the Commons for their Accommodation. The General Aſſembly of this Province is adjourned to the 2d Tueſday in September next, having paſſed an Act to give 2500 l. to encourage the preſent Expedition againſt ſome of the Spaniſh Settlements.

PHILADELPHIA.

We hear from *Upper-Dublin*, in this County, That on the 13th Inſt. a Girl of about 6 Years of Age, riding to Meeting behind a Neighbouring Woman, the Horſe ſtarting, they both fell off backwards; the Woman was much hurt, and the Child ſo bruiſed that ſhe died in a few Minutes.

Cuſtom-Houſe, *Philadelphia*, Entred Inwards.

Sloop Joſeph & Mary, Andrew Hodge, from Jamaica.
Sloop Charity, George Gibbs, from Bermuda.
Brigt. Union, Nicholas Carroll, from Limerick.
Brigt. Speedwell, William Mc'Tear, from Waterford.
Sloop Endeavour, Samuel Scranton, from Rhode-Iſland.
Sloop Ranger, Chriſtopher Bennet, from Rhode-Iſland.
Sloop Goodly Suſannah, Ezekiel Kent, from Boſton.
Sloop Roſe, John Clark, from New-York.

Entred Out.

Brigt. Martha, Gurnay Wall, for Antigua.
Sloop Friendſhip, Benjamin Appleby, for St. Chriſtophers.
Sloop Speedwell, John Myers, for Boſton.
Brigt. Mary, William Spafford, for Liſbon.
Ship Eagle, John Spence, for Liſbon.

Cleared.

Sloop Deborah, James Boyer, to Barbados.
Ship Martha, William Simpſon, to Liſbon.
Scooner Diamond, Atherton Haugh, to Boſton.

WILLIAM SAUNDERS, *Gunſmith*,

IS Removed from his Houſe in Second-ſtreet, to the upper End of Market-ſtreet, at the Sign of the GUN, a little above the Houſe of JOHN KINSEY, Eſq; Where there are to be ſold, very good GUNS, well Stock'd and Lock'd, at reaſonable Prices. He likewiſe takes in Guns to clean, ſtock, or mend, &c. which he performs in the cheapeſt and beſt Manner.

To be SOLD,

A NEGRO WOMAN about 32 Years of Age, with a Boy about Eleven Months old. She is a good Cook, and underſtands all Manner of Country Work. Enquire of Peter Roſe at Burlington.

CAME to the middle Ferry on *Schuylkill*, the latter End of *June* laſt, a likely young black or dark brown Horſe about 3 Years old, trots and paces, hath a Brand or Mark cut in one of his Hoofs; The right Owner is deſired to come and deſcribe his other marks, and paying the Charges ſhall have him again from

Philadelphia, July 9th 1740. *Joſeph Gray.*

AT *the Sign of the Golden Mortar, a few Doors below the Quakers Meeting-Houſe, in Second ſtreet, all Perſons may be ſupplied with Drugs and Medicines, at the cheapeſt Rates, by* Phineas Bond, *who has purchaſed the whole Shop that lately belonged to* Thomas Lloyd. *A large Addition is made to the ſaid Shop, by a Supply of freſh Medicines, imported in the laſt Ship from* London.

PUrſuant to an Order of the Orphans Court on *Tueſday* the 15th Day of *July* next at three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the Coffee Houſe in *Philadelphia*, will be expoſed to Sale to the higheſt Bidder for ready Money, a Houſe and Lot of Ground on the Eaſt Side of Second-ſtreet, in the Poſſeſſion of *Adam Klamper*, containing in breath on Second-ſtreet 20 Feet and 4 Inches, and in depth 155 Feet, late the Eſtate of *Jane Jones* deceaſed, by

Edward Evans, } Adminiſtrat.
Suſannah Jones. }

RUN *away on the 25th of* June *paſt, from* John Williamſon, *Fuller, at* Nottingham, *in* Cheſter *County, a Native Iriſh Servant Lad, named* John Ryan, *aged about* 18 *Years, of middle Stature but ſlender, round fac'd with black curl'd Hair; Had on when he went away, an half worn felt Hat, a brown Kerſey Coat, without Lining, half trim'd and bound round the Neck with red, two homeſpun Shirts, a pair of coarſe Trowſers, and white linnen Drawers, grey worſted Stockings, and old Shoes,*

Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Servant, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have Three Pounds *Reward and all reaſonable Charges paid by* John Williamſon.

ON *the* 23*d of* July *Inſt. will be Sold by Publick Vendue, at* 2 *in the Afternoon, for ready Money, at the Houſe of* Charles Stow, *at the* Half-Moon *in* Market-ſtreet, *Three choice Lots of drained Meadow on* Gunners *Run, beginning at* Kenſington *Dam, each Lot confronting the City, and healthy, being higher Land; fronting* Delaware, *and are fit for Buildings. They are all conſtantly water'd by the ſaid Run, and are now good Meadow. The firſt and ſecond Lots contain about four Acres each, and the third about five Acres meaſuring to the middle of the ſaid* Run.

The Title is good, and the quit Rents paid. Alſo 2 *Negro Men to be Sold by* William Ball.

WHEREAS *Gabriel Dodd,* who was born in the City of *London*, came into *Pennſylvania*, about ten Years ago; ſerv'd his Apprenticeſhip with *Anthony Furnace* a Ship Joyner in *Philadelphia*. If the ſaid *Gabriel* be Living, he is deſir'd to apply himſelf to his Brother *Thomas Dodd*, near *Geo. Gray*'s Ferry, where he may hear of ſomething to his Advantage. It is ſaid that ſaid *Gabriel* went to *South-Carolina*, and there dyed: Any perſon that ſhall produce a proper Certificate, of the Certainty of ſaid *Gabriel's* Death; ſhall have a Reward of three Pounds *Pennſylvania* Money, paid by *Thomas Dodd.*

PATRICK GRÆME *is removed from his Houſe in* Market-ſtreet, *into* Front-ſtreet, *the Houſe adjoining to* Dickinſon's *burnt Houſes, and next Door to Mr.* Willing's. *He intending ſpeedily to go for* Britain, *ſells ſundry Sorts of European and Eaſt-India Goods, very cheap, for Ready Money.*

N. B. *All Perſons indebted to ſaid* Patrick Græme, *are deſired to pay their reſpective Ballances.*

ON *the firſt Day of* Auguſt *next will be expoſed to Sale, by Way of Vendue, a Plantation and Tract of Land containing* 1050 *Acres, near* 100 *Acres thereof being Meadow, great Part of which is drained, and produces extraordinary good Timothy and Clover Graſs. Likewiſe a very good Orchard, and a conſiderable Quantity of clear'd Land; ſituate in the Townſhip of* Nantmel *in the County of* Cheſter, *and is about a Mile from* Reading *Furnace, and about three from* Warwick *Furnace, being the Plantation late belonging to* Ann Roberts, *deceas'd.*

The Sale is to be on the ſaid Place.

Awbrey Roberts, *Executor.*

JUST IMPORTED,
From *Antigua*, and to be Sold by *Edward Jones*,
In *Norris*'s Alley.

A Likely parcel of young Negro Men and Women, Boys and Girls, as alſo very good Coffee and Muſovado Sugar.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION with a Dwelling Houſe, Orchard and Meadow, and more to be cleared, within a Mile of the Borough of *Briſtol*, in the County of *Bucks*, containing 130 Acres, or there about.

Alſo to be let on reaſonable Terms, a Brick Dwelling Houſe, with a good Garden, Stable and Yard, in a convenient Part of the Borough aforeſaid. Any Perſons inclining to purchaſe or rent the above Premiſſes, may apply to *Joſeph Jackſon* in ſaid Borough, and know the Terms.

BY Virtue of the King's Royal Letters Patent, granted unto me, I do hereby depute, nominate and appoint *Samuel Emlen* of *Philadelphia*, in *Pennſylvania*, to be my only Saleſman for the Vending of Dr. *Bateman*'s Pectoral Drops, in *Philadelphia*. Given under my Hand and Seal in *London*, the 12th of *March* 1739, 40.

Benjamin Okel, Patentee.

FOR the Benefit of thoſe who are afflicted with Fluxes, Conſumptions, Coughs, Colds, Agues, Fevers, Pains in the Limbs and Joints, Gout, Rheumatiſm, Stone and Gravel, &c. A Book entitled, An Abſtract of a ſhort Treatiſe of Dr. *Bateman*'s Pectoral Drops, is lent to any that pleaſes to call or ſend for it to *Samuel Emlen* at the Sign of the Heart, oppoſite the New-Market; where the Drops are ſold by Appointment of the Patentee and Company. In the above Book you will find more Teſtimonials of Cures perform'd by the ſaid Drops, than can be produced of any one Medicine ſince the Diſcovery of the Art of Phyſick; in Rheumatick Pains they never fail giving Eaſe in a few Minutes after taken; in the Stone and Gravel they have cured thoſe who have been given over by the moſt skilful Phyſicians, and have brought away vaſt Quantities of Gravel and Stones as big as Horſe Beans. In Fluxes, Conſumptions, Agues, Fevers, and all Manner of Pains; they are taken with unſpeakable Succeſs, as will appear by the Books which any Perſon may borrow.

King *GEORGE*, in Conſideration of the rare and uncommon Cures performed by the ſaid Drops on Thouſands of his Subjects, hath granted unto *Benjamim Okel*, the ſole Inventor thereof, and to *William* and *Cluer Dicey*, his Letter Patent under the Great Seal of *Great Britain*, ſtrictly forbids dng any Perſon counterfeiting the ſame, as they ſhall anſwer for the Damage thereby occaſioned.

CHoice Live-Geeſe Feathers, to be Sold by *Plunket Fleeſon*, Upholſterer, at the eaſy Chair in *Cheſnut-Street*, near Mr. *Hamilton*'s; likewiſe Sea Beds, curled Hair Matraſſes, Sacking Bottoms, all kind of Upholſterer's Work, done reaſonably. *N. B.* Any Perſon having ſuch Feathers to ſell, may apply to the ſaid *Fleeſon.*

Juſt Publiſhed,

THE *Character, Preaching, &c. of the Rev Mr.* GEORGE WHITEFIELD, *impartially repreſented and ſupported, in a SERMON preach'd in* Charleſtown, South-Carolina, *March* 26. 1740. *By* J. Smith, V. D. M. *Printed and ſold by* B. Franklin, *price* 4d.

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